

AUTHOR'S PURPOSE

An author writes for many reasons, such as to inform, to entertain, or to persuade.

To inform:

When authors write to inform, they specifically want to teach their readers about something.

To entertain:

When an author writes to entertain, their desire is have readers laugh and enjoy their writing.

To persuade:

When
read

Aut

An a
is b

Firs

When
told

Common words used when writing in first person: I, me, my, myself

When writing in the first person, the character telling the story only knows about the other character's thoughts and actions as they are revealed during the story.

The character telling the story finds out about the other characters in the story at the same time as the readers.

Example:

I went to the beach today with my family. I brought my shovel and a large bucket. I asked my sister to help me build a sand castle.



PREVIEW

Please [Sign In](#) or [Sign Up](#) to download the printable version of this worksheet

Third Person

There are several variations of writing in the third person point of view:

Third Person Omniscient:

The story is told by someone NOT in the story. When writing in third person omniscient, the author is able to reveal to the readers what is going on inside the heads of the characters in the story along with all their actions. The author is able to reveal the thoughts, feelings, and actions of all the characters at any time during the story.

Example of writing in the third person omniscient:

John went to the beach today with his family. His sister wanted to build a sandcastle but she didn't think her brother wanted to. John felt hot and tired but he grabbed a shovel and asked his sister to help him build a sandcastle.

This

The
any
find

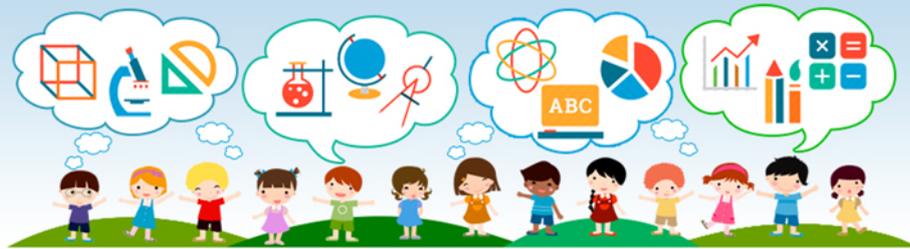
Com

Exa

Johr

play

cast



PREVIEW

Please [Sign In](#) or [Sign Up](#) to download the printable version of this worksheet

