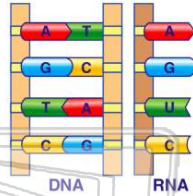




Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1 Which substance is present in **some** of the nucleotides of **DNA molecules**, but **not** in those of **RNA molecules**?

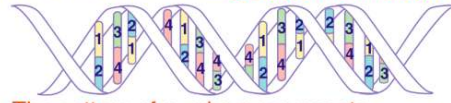
- A adenine
- B cytosine
- C thymine
- D ribose



3 Which statement best describes the **relationship** between cells, DNA, and proteins?

- A Cells contain DNA that controls the production of proteins.
- B DNA is composed of proteins that carry coded information for how cells function.
- C Proteins are used to produce cells that link amino acids together into DNA.

2 The diagram below represents a section of a molecule that carries **genetic information**.



The pattern of numbers represents

- A a sequence of paired bases
- B the order of proteins in a gene
- C folds of an amino acid
- D positions of gene mutations

4 Which **sequence of terms** represents a **decrease** from the greatest number of structures to the least number of structures present in a cell?

- A nucleus → gene → chromosome
- B gene → nucleus → chromosome

5



## PREVIEW

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7

- B The amino acid sequence may be altered during protein synthesis.
- C The chromosome number will decrease in future generations.
- D The chromosome number may increase within the organisms.

10 **Two proteins** in the same cell perform **different functions**. This is because the two proteins are composed of

- A variation within an organism
- B rapid evolution of an organism
- C synthesis of antigens to protect the cell
- D recombination of genes within the cell

- A having a different cell type from each parent
- B mutations in embryo cells
- C new cells resulting from meiosis
- D certain genes being expressed in some cells and not in others

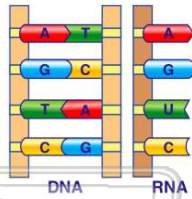
- A chains folded the same way and the same sequence of simple sugars
- B chains folded the same way and the same sequence of amino acids
- C chains folded differently and a different sequence of simple sugars
- D chains folded differently and a different sequence of amino acids



## ANSWER KEY

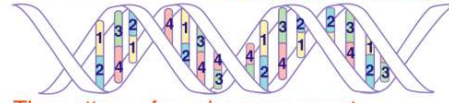
Which substance is present in **some** of the nucleotides of **DNA molecules**, but **not** in those of **RNA molecules**?

- A** adenine
- B** cytosine
- C** thymine
- D** ribose



**(C)**

The diagram below represents a section of a molecule that carries **genetic information**.



The pattern of numbers represents

- A** a sequence of paired bases
- B** the order of proteins in a gene
- C** folds of an amino acid
- D** positions of gene mutations

**(a)**

Which statement best describes the **relationship** between cells, DNA, and proteins?

- A** Cells contain DNA that controls the production of proteins.
- B** DNA is composed of proteins that carry coded information for how cells function.
- C** Proteins are used to produce cells that link amino acids together into DNA.
- D** Cells are linked together by proteins to

**(a)**

Which **sequence of terms** represents a **decrease** from the greatest number of structures to the least number of structures present in a cell?

- A** nucleus → gene → chromosome
- B** gene → nucleus → chromosome
- C** gene → chromosome → nucleus
- D** chromosome → gene → nucleus

**(C)**



## PREVIEW

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- B** during protein synthesis.
- C** The chromosome number will decrease in future generations.
- D** The chromosome number may increase within the organisms.

- B** mutations in embryo cells
- C** new cells resulting from meiosis
- D** certain genes being expressed in some cells and not in others

A **change** in the **base subunit sequence** during DNA replication can result in

- A** variation within an organism
- B** rapid evolution of an organism
- C** synthesis of antigens to protect the cell
- D** recombination of genes within the cell

**(a)**

**Two proteins** in the same cell perform **different functions**. This is because the two proteins are composed of

- A** chains folded the same way and the same sequence of simple sugars
- B** chains folded the same way and the same sequence of amino acids
- C** chains folded differently and a different sequence of simple sugars
- D** chains folded differently and a different sequence of amino acids

**(d)**