



Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

1 A **fossil** is the naturally preserved evidence of life.
Which of the following is **not** a fossil?

- A a fly in amber
- B dinosaur footprints
- C imprint of a leaf
- D all of the above are fossils



3 The original wood of these trees is **completely** gone. By what **process** were these trees **fossilized**?

- A permineralization
- B petrification
- C mummification
- D freezing



2 By what **process** was the fly pictured here **fossilized**?

- A permineralization
- B petrification
- C preservation in hardened tree sap (amber)
- D trace fossilization



4 Which of the following processes of fossilization **preserve the soft tissue** of an organism?

- A petrification
- B permineralization
- C carbonization
- D mummification



5



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- A cast
- B mold
- C body fossil
- D carbonized fossil



- A the tip of the trilobite
- B eyes; they're similar in size, shape, and placement of eyes in modern shellfish
- C ears; they stick out
- D no way to identify these structures; trilobites are extinct



9 Fossil-rich sedimentary limestone can be metamorphosed into marble. Why is it **rare** to find a fossil of any kind in a **metamorphic rock**?

- A metamorphic rocks are harder than sedimentary rocks
- B sedimentary rocks are older than metamorphic rocks
- C no organism can survive in a metamorphic environment
- D the heat and pressure of metamorphism physically changes rock



10 The English word **petrification** is derived from the Greek word **petra** meaning **rock**. What does **petrification** literally mean?

- A to turn into sediment
- B to make something harder
- C to turn into stone
- D to change color





ANSWER KEY

A **fossil** is the naturally preserved evidence of life.

Which of the following is not a fossil?

- A a fly in amber
- B dinosaur footprints
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- D all of the above are fossils



(d)

By what **process** was the fly pictured here **fossilized**?



(c)

- A permineralization
- B petrification
- C preservation in hardened tree sap (amber)
- D trace fossilization

The original wood of these trees is **completely gone**. By what **process** were these trees **fossilized**?

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(b)

Which of the following processes of fossilization **preserve the soft tissue** of an organism?

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- B permineralization
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(d)



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- A mold
- B mold
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(d)

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(c)