



Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1 The expression  $2x^2$  is a type of polynomial called a **binomial**.

True or false?

- A true
- B false

2 The polynomial,  $6x^2 + 4x^3 + 2x + 1$ , is written in **standard form**.

True or false?

- A true
- B false

3 Add the polynomials:

$$(x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 5) + (2x^3 + x^2 + 4x + 1)$$

- A  $2x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x + 6$
- B  $3x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 6$
- C  $3x^3 + 3x^2 + 5x + 6$
- D  $3x^3 + 3x^2 + 5x + 1$

4 Add the polynomials:

$$(2x^3 - 4x^2 + x - 5) + (7x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x + 4)$$

- A  $5x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 9$
- B  $9x^3 - 6x^2 + 2x - 1$
- C  $5x^3 - 2x^2 - x - 9$
- D  $9x^3 - 6x^2 - x - 9$

5



## PREVIEW

Please [Sign In](#) or [Sign Up](#) to download the printable version of this worksheet

7

- A  $-3x^3 + 3x^2$
- B  $-3x^3 + x^2 + 2x$
- C  $-3x^3 + x^2$
- D  $-3x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x$

- A  $5x^3 + 4x^2 - 7$
- B  $x^3 - 4x^2 - 7$
- C  $x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x - 7$
- D  $5x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x - 7$

9 Add the polynomials using the vertical format:

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x^3 + 2x - 9 \\ + (-4x^3 + 3x - 7) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A  $-2x^3 + 5x - 16$
- B  $10x^3 + 5x - 2$
- C  $2x^3 + 5x - 16$
- D  $10x + 5x - 16$

10 Subtract the polynomials using the vertical format:

$$\begin{array}{r} x^4 + 2x^3 + x - 6 \\ - (x^4 + 4x + 3) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A  $2x^3 - 3x - 9$
- B  $2x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x - 9$
- C  $2x^3 + 5x - 3$
- D  $2x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x - 3$



## ANSWER KEY

The expression  $2x^2$  is a type of polynomial called a **binomial**.

**True or false?**

- A** true
- B** false

(b)

The polynomial,  $6x^2 + 4x^3 + 2x + 1$ , is written in **standard form**.

**True or false?**

- A** true
- B** false

(b)

**Add** the polynomials:

$$(x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 5) + (2x^3 + x^2 + 4x + 1)$$

- A**  $2x^3 + 2x^2 + 4x + 6$
- B**  $3x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 6$
- C**  $3x^3 + 3x^2 + 5x + 6$
- D**  $2x^3 + 2x^2 + 5x + 6$

(c)

**Add** the polynomials:

$$(2x^3 - 4x^2 + x - 5) + (7x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x + 4)$$

- A**  $5x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 9$
- B**  $9x^3 - 6x^2 + 2x - 1$
- C**  $5x^3 - 2x^2 - x - 9$
- D**  $9x^3 - 6x^2 + 3x - 1$

(d)



## PREVIEW

Please [Sign In](#) or [Sign Up](#) to download the printable version of this worksheet

- B**  $-3x^3 + x^2 + 2x$
- C**  $-3x^3 + x^2$
- D**  $-3x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x$

- B**  $x^3 - 4x^2 - 7$
- C**  $x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x - 7$
- D**  $5x^3 - 2x^2 + 2x - 7$

**Add** the polynomials using the vertical format:

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x^3 + 2x - 9 \\ + (-4x^3 + 3x - 7) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A**  $-2x^3 + 5x - 16$
- B**  $10x^3 + 5x - 2$
- C**  $2x^3 + 5x - 16$
- D**  $10x + 5x - 16$

(c)

**Subtract** the polynomials using the vertical format:

$$\begin{array}{r} x^4 + 2x^3 + x - 6 \\ - (x^4 + 4x + 3) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A**  $2x^3 - 3x - 9$
- B**  $2x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x - 9$
- C**  $2x^3 + 5x - 3$
- D**  $2x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x - 3$

(a)