



Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

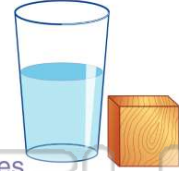
1 **Sound** is a type of **energy** that travels in **waves** that are caused by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A ears
- B frequencies
- C decibels
- D vibrations



2 Sound cannot travel through a vacuum and needs something in which to travel. Which of the following can sound travel through?

- A gases only
- B solids only
- C liquids and gases only
- D solids, liquids, and gases



3 Through which material can sound waves travel the **fastest**?

- A solids
- B liquids
- C gases
- D none of



4 \_\_\_\_\_ is the rapid **back-and-forth movement** of an object.

- A Decibel
- B Frequency
- C Vibration



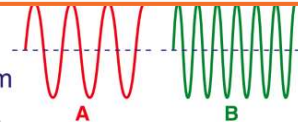
## PREVIEW

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7  
A  
B pitch  
C decibel  
D vibration

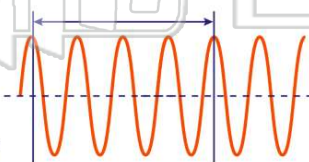


- A diagram A
- B diagram B
- C both diagram A and B
- D neither diagram



9 The **number of vibrations in a period of time** is called the \_\_\_\_\_ of a sound wave.

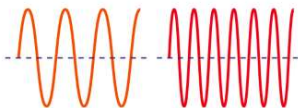
- A volume
- B pitch
- C timing
- D frequency



10 Look at the diagram below. This shows that the **slower** the vibration, the **higher** the frequency.

True or false?

- A true
- B false

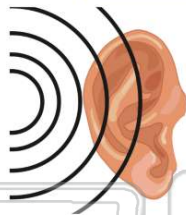




## ANSWER KEY

**Sound** is a type of **energy** that travels in **waves** that are caused by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A ears
- B frequencies
- C decibels
- D vibrations

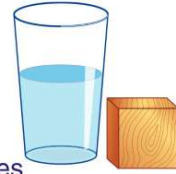


(d)

Sound cannot travel through a vacuum and needs something in which to travel.

Which of the following can sound **travel through**?

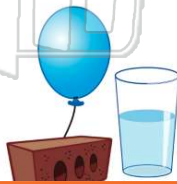
- A gases only
- B solids only
- C liquids and gases only
- D solids, liquids, and gases



(d)

Through which material can **sound waves** travel the **fastest**?

- A solids
- B liquids
- C gases
- D none of the above



(a)

\_\_\_\_\_ is the rapid **back-and-forth movement** of an object.

- A Decibel
- B Frequency
- C Vibration
- D Pitch



(c)



## PREVIEW

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- C decibel
- D vibration

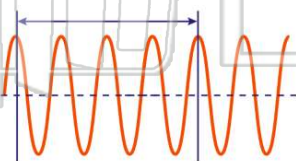


- B diagram B
- C both diagram A and B
- D neither diagram



The **number of vibrations in a period of time** is called the \_\_\_\_\_ of a sound wave.

- A volume
- B pitch
- C timing
- D frequency

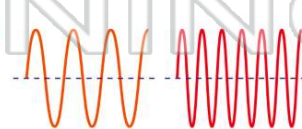


(d)

Look at the diagram below. This shows that the **slower** the vibration, the **higher** the frequency.

True or false?

- A true
- B false



(b)