

MIXED NUMBERS

What Is a Mixed Number?

• A mixed number has both a whole number and a fraction. If someone ate a whole cookie and a third of another, 1 1/3 would represent how many cookies were eaten. Other mixed numbers are:

• Mixed numbers can be added, subtracted, multiplied, and divided, but there are several steps in the operations. Each operation has its own set of steps.



• Add the whole numbers; include any whole number resulting from adding the fractions.





- To subtract mixed numbers, the denominators must be the same.
 - o Begin by changing one or both denominators.
 - o Subtract the fractions and reduce to lowest terms.
 - Subtract the whole numbers.

7 11/12 – 5 9/12 =

 $6 11/12 - 5 \frac{3}{4} =$

2 2/12 = **2 1/6**



 An improper fraction has a numerator larger than the denominator: 7/3, 8/5, 22/15

 To change a mixed number to an improper fraction, multiply the whole number by the denominator and then add the numerator to the product. The product becomes the new numerator.



Examples:







Try This!





