



Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

1 The **Kansas-Nebraska Act** stated that the **settlers** of Kansas would decide if it would become a free or slave state. What **year** was this law passed?

- A 1854
- B 1857
- C 1867
- D 1877



2 The **Kansas-Nebraska Act** stated that settlers of Kansas could _____.

- A harbor slaves from the South without being fined
- B become their own territories
- C own only 5 slaves per acre
- D choose whether or not to allow slavery

3 During his presidential campaign, **Lincoln believed** that slavery should _____.

- A be decided by individual states
- B not be a campaign issue
- C continue, but only in the South
- D be abolished



4 What was **Slave Power**?

- A the name given fugitive slaves in the 1850s
- B the uprising of the slaves in Texas
- C the political power that Southern slaveholders held
- D the name given to the 2nd amendment, granting power to slaveholders

5 _____ forces were the first to **open fire** on **Fort Sumter**.

- A Confederate
- B Union
- C Slave Power
- D English Military



6 The **Free-Soil Party** was **opposed** to **expansion** of slavery, but not to slavery itself.

True or false?

- A true
- B false



7 After **Lincoln** was elected President, North Carolina and South Carolina **seceded**, while the rest of the South remained in **support** of his win.

True or false?

- A true
- B false



8 The number one **goal** of the **North** before the Civil War was to **grant slaves civil rights**.

- A true
- B false

True or false?



9 When did the **Civil War begin**?

- A April, 1861
- B April, 1859
- C June, 1861
- D June, 1860



10 Which of the following military battles **started** the **American Civil War**?

- A the First Battle of Bull Run
- B the Battle of Andrew Jackson
- C the Battle of Fort Sumter
- D Seven Days battles





Causes of the Civil War



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(A)

2 The **Kansas-Nebraska Act** stated that settlers of Kansas could _____.

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(D)

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(D)

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(C)

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(A)

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(A)

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(B)

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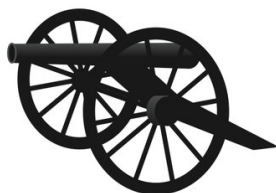
True or false?



(B)

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(A)

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(C)