



Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

Match each of the following terms to its definition:

Unicellular organism

Solvent

Solute

Tissue

Chromosome

Chromatin

Vacuole

Stomata

1. _____ - the substance dissolved in a liquid forming a solution; for example, in a sugar solution, the sugar is the solute and the water is the solvent

2. _____ - typically a liquid that dissolves a substance (solute) to form a solution; for example, in a sugar solution, the water is the solvent and the sugar is the solute

3. water

4. function

5. of only

6. nutrients

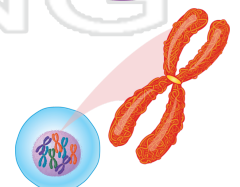
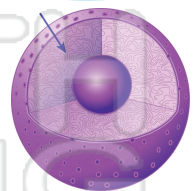
7. _____ - the genetic material in a cell's nucleus that contains DNA and carries genetic information for directing the cell functions

8. _____ - a rod-shaped structure found in a cell's nucleus that is made of condensed chromatin (DNA) and protein; forms in the cell's nucleus prior to cell division and controls inherited characteristics



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Match each of the following terms to its definition:

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1. **solute** - the substance dissolved in a liquid forming a solution; for example, in a sugar solution, the sugar is the solute and the water is the solvent



2. **solvent** - typically a liquid that dissolves a substance (solute) to form a solution; for example, in a sugar solution, the water is the solvent and the sugar is the solute



3. **stomata** out of

4. **tissue** similar

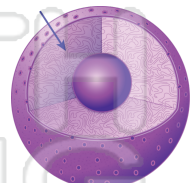
5. **unicellular** only o

6. **vacuole** cellula

PREVIEW

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7. **chromatin** - the genetic material in a cell's nucleus that contains DNA and carries genetic information for directing the cell functions



8. **chromosome** - a rod-shaped structure found in a cell's nucleus that is made of condensed chromatin (DNA) and protein; forms in the cell's nucleus prior to cell division and controls inherited characteristics

