

Acids, Bases and Salts



Name Class Date Which of the following is the strongest In the reaction $NH_3 + HCI \rightarrow NH_4^+ + CI^-$, Brönsted-Lowry base? the NH₃ acts as A A a Brönsted acid, only B Br B a Brönsted base, only C CI C both a Brönsted acid and a Brönsted D F D neither a Brönsted acid nor a Brönsted base 3 As an acid solution is added to neutralize The pH of a solution that is formed by the neutralization of 1.0 M H2SO4 and a base solution, the OH- concentration of 1.0 M KOH is closest to the base solution A 1 A decreases pH Scale **B** 7 **B** increases C 10 C remains the same 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 **D** 4 5 Both HNO₃(aq) and CH₃COOH(aq) can be 6 What is the molarity of a nitric acid classified as solution, HNO3, if 20.0 mL of the solution is needed to exactly neutralize 10.0 mL of a A Arrhenius acids that turn blue litmus red 1.67 M NaOH solution? B Arrhenius bases that turn blue litmus red **A** 3.34 M C Arrhenius acids that turn red litmus blue **B** 1.67 M D Arrhenius bases that turn red litmus blue C 0.835 M D 0.334 M Which compound is classified as 8 Which substance is an Arrhenius base? an electrolyte? A KCI A C₆H₁₂O₆ B CH₃CI B C12H22O11 C KOH C CH₃OH D CH₃OH D Ca(OH)₂ 9 One acid-base theory states that 10 What is the **pH** of a solution that results from the complete neutralization of an an acid is HCI solution with a KOH solution? A an H-donor A 1 B an H- acceptor B 7 C an H+ donor C 10 D an H+ acceptor **D** 4



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