



The Scientific Revolution

SS
G

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

1 Which **group**, formed in 1660, supported the **advancement** of science?

- A the Royal Society
- B the Society for the Advancement of Planetary law
- C the Group on Scientific Advancement
- D the Universal Agency

2 **Galileo** was the first scientist to **observe** Jupiter's moons.

True or false?

- A true
- B false



3 In 1633, **Galileo** was forced to **renounce** his work during the Scientific Revolution. True or false?

- A true
- B false



4 Who is credited for discovering **planetary motion**?

- A Newton
- B Copernicus
- C Kepler
- D Galileo



5 Which **philosopher** of the Scientific Revolution said, "I think, therefore I am"?

- A Bacon
- B Montaigne
- C Copernicus
- D Descartes



6 What is the name of the **monk** who published On the Infinite Universe and its Worlds, stating that the **universe** was **infinite**?

- A Bruno
- B Aristotle
- C Copernicus
- D Galileo

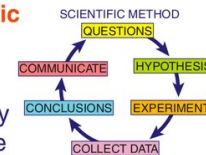


7 The _____ was an act by the Catholic Church to **restrict scientific thought**.

- A Enlightenment
- B Rectification
- C Renaissance
- D Inquisition

8 What is the **Scientific Method**?

- A a set of laws concerning gravity
- B a test to prove the Heliocentric Model
- C a consistent way of collecting ideas and testing them
- D a group of scientists



9 **Galileo** supported the beliefs of the Catholic Church.

True or false?

- A true
- B false



10 The **Scientific Revolution** included **advancements** in mathematics, physics and philosophy.

True or false?

- A true
- B false





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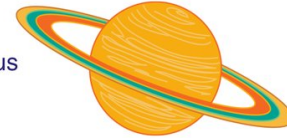
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(C)

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(D)

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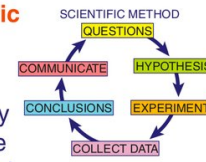
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(A)